

Toggle menu  
Blue Gold Program Wiki

## Navigation

- [Main page](#)
- [Recent changes](#)
- [Random page](#)
- [Help about MediaWiki](#)

## Tools

- [What links here](#)
- [Related changes](#)
- [Special pages](#)
- [Permanent link](#)
- [Page information](#)

## Personal tools

- [Log in](#)

## personal-extra

Toggle search

Search

Random page

## Views

- [View](#)
- [View source](#)
- [History](#)
- [PDF Export](#)

## Actions

# Template:Cite map

From Blue Gold Program Wiki

The printable version is no longer supported and may have rendering errors. Please update your browser bookmarks and please use the default browser print function instead.

**[50px](#) Template documentation**[\[view\]](#) [\[edit\]](#) [\[history\]](#) [\[purge\]](#)

---

30px This template uses [Lua](#):  
• [Module:Citation/CS1](#)

### [Citation Style 1](#) templates

<code>{{Cite arXiv}}</code>	<a href="#">arXiv</a> preprints
<code>{{Cite AV media}}</code>	audio and visual
<code>{{Cite AV media notes}}</code>	audio and visual liner notes
<code>{{Cite bioRxiv}}</code>	<a href="#">bioRxiv</a> preprints
<code>{{Cite book}}</code>	books
<code>{{Cite citeseerx}}</code>	scientific and academic papers
<code>{{Cite conference}}</code>	conference papers
<code>{{Cite encyclopedia}}</code>	edited collections
<code>{{Cite episode}}</code>	radio or television episodes
<code>{{Cite interview}}</code>	interviews
<code>{{Cite journal}}</code>	academic journals and papers
<code>{{Cite magazine}}</code>	magazines, periodicals
<code>{{Cite mailing list}}</code>	public mailing lists
<code>{{Cite map}}</code>	maps
<code>{{Cite news}}</code>	news articles
<code>{{Cite newsgroup}}</code>	online newsgroups
<code>{{Cite podcast}}</code>	podcasts
<code>{{Cite press release}}</code>	press releases
<code>{{Cite report}}</code>	reports
<code>{{Cite serial}}</code>	audio or video serials
<code>{{Cite sign}}</code>	signs, plaques
<code>{{Cite speech}}</code>	speeches
<code>{{Cite ssrn}}</code>	articles with SSRN identifiers
<code>{{Cite techreport}}</code>	technical reports
<code>{{Cite thesis}}</code>	theses
<code>{{Cite web}}</code>	web sources not covered by the above

#### See also:

- [v](#)
- [t](#)
- [e](#)

This [Citation Style 1](#) template is used to create [citations](#) for maps.

These specific-source templates use `{{cite map}}` as a meta-template:

- `{{Bing maps}}`
- `{{Google maps}}`

□

# Contents

- [1 Usage](#)
  - [1.1 Examples](#)
    - [1.1.1 Sheet maps](#)
    - [1.1.2 Maps contained within larger works](#)
- [2 Parameters](#)
  - [2.1 Syntax](#)
  - [2.2 COinS](#)
    - [2.2.1 COinS metadata is created for these parameters](#)
  - [2.3 Deprecated](#)
  - [2.4 Description](#)
    - [2.4.1 Authors](#)
    - [2.4.2 Title](#)
    - [2.4.3 Date](#)
    - [2.4.4 Publisher](#)
    - [2.4.5 Edition, series](#)
    - [2.4.6 In-source locations](#)
    - [2.4.7 URL](#)
    - [2.4.8 Anchor](#)
    - [2.4.9 Identifiers](#)
    - [2.4.10 Quote](#)
    - [2.4.11 Laysummary](#)
    - [2.4.12 Display options](#)
- [3 See also](#)

## Usage[[edit source](#)]

Copy a blank version to use. All parameter names must be in lowercase. Use the "|" (pipe) character between each parameter. Delete unused parameters to avoid clutter in the edit window. Some samples may include the current date. If the date is not current, then [purge](#) the page.

- `{{cite map |author = |title = |trans-title = |map = |map-url = |date = |year = |url = |scale = |series = |publisher = |cartography = |page = |pages = |section = |sections = |inset = |edition = |location = |language = |format = |isbn = |id = |ref = |access-date = |archive-url = |archive-date = }}`

```
{{cite map
|author      =
|title       =
|trans-title =
|map         =
|map-url     =
|date        =
|year        =
|url         =
|scale       =
|series      =
```

```

|version      =
|cartography =
|publisher   =
|page        =
|pages       =
|section     =
|sections    =
|inset       =
|edition     =
|location    =
|language    =
|format      =
|isbn        =
|id          =
|ref         =
|access-date =
|archive-url =
|archive-date=
}}

```

## Examples[\[edit source\]](#)

### Sheet maps[\[edit source\]](#)

- {{Cite map |first1 = Charles B. |last1 = Kitterman |author2 = Kulshan Cartographic Services |year = 2000 |title = Mt. Rainier National Park |edition = Centennial |scale = 1:30,000 |publisher = Stanley Maps |isbn = 0-9662209-4-3 }}
  - Kitterman, Charles B.; Kulshan Cartographic Services (2000). *Mt. Rainier National Park* (Map) (Centennial ed.). 1:30,000. Stanley Maps. [ISBN 0-9662209-4-3](#).
- {{Cite map |author1 = Skelly Oil Company |author2 = Diversified Map Co. |year = 1966 |title = Highway Map of Oklahoma |scale = [1:1,500,000] |location = St. Louis |publisher = Diversified Map Co. |section = C11 |oclc = 67708775 }}
  - Skelly Oil Company; Diversified Map Co. (1966). *Highway Map of Oklahoma* (Map). [1:1,500,000]. St. Louis: Diversified Map Co. § C11. [OCLC 67708775](#).
  - *Note:* for a map scale given only in library catalog records, enclose it in brackets as shown.
- {{Cite map |author = Kansas Department of Transportation |year = 2005 |title = Official State Transportation Map |url = http://www.ksdot.org/burtransplan/maps/state-pdf/kansas0708.pdf |format = PDF |edition = 2005-06 |scale = [c. 1:780,000] |location = Topeka |publisher = Kansas Department of Transportation |section = F9 |access-date = 2007-03-30 |archive-url = https://web.archive.org/web/20070216021356/http://www.ksdot.org/BurTansPlan/maps/state-pdf/kansas0708.pdf |archive-date = 2007-02-16 |oclc = 63793104 }}
  - Kansas Department of Transportation (2005). [Official State Transportation Map](#) (PDF) (Map) (2005-06 ed.). [c. 1:780,000]. Topeka: Kansas Department of Transportation. § F9. [OCLC 63793104](#). Archived from [the original](#) (PDF) on 2007-02-16. Retrieved 2007-03-30.

- *Note*: approximate map scales are represented prefixed with a "c.", which stands for *circa*, the Latin word for "approximately".
- `{{Cite map |author1 = [[New Zealand Department of Conservation]] |author2 = GeoSmart |year = 2003 |title = Kepler Track |edition = 3rd |scale = 1:50,000 |series = Parkmap |location = Wellington |publisher = New Zealand Department of Conservation |oclc = 489215989 }}`
  - [New Zealand Department of Conservation](#); GeoSmart (2003). *Kepler Track* (Map) (3rd ed.). 1:50,000. Parkmap. Wellington: New Zealand Department of Conservation. [OCLC 489215989](#).
- `{{cite map |author = [[United States Geological Survey]] |year = 1975 |title = Gwinn, MI |url = http://ims.er.usgs.gov/gda_services/download?item_id=5439266&quad=Gwinn&state=MI&grid=7.5X7.5&series=Map%20GeoPDF |format = PDF |type = Topographic map |series = 7.5 Minute Series |scale = 1:24,000 |location = Reston, VA |publisher = United States Geological Survey |access-date= March 29, 2012}}`
  - [United States Geological Survey](#) (1975). *Gwinn, MI* (PDF) (Topographic map). 1:24,000. 7.5 Minute Series. Reston, VA: United States Geological Survey. Retrieved March 29, 2012.
  - *Note*: the type of map can be manually indicated; in this case this is a topographic map. The format of the computer file can also be manually indicated.

### Maps contained within larger works[\[edit source\]](#)

- `{{Cite map |author = Rand McNally |year = 2013 |map = Michigan |title = The Road Atlas |edition = 2013 Walmart |scale = c. 1:1,874,880 |location = Chicago |publisher = Rand McNally |pages = 50–51 |inset = Western Upper Peninsula |sections = C10–C14 |isbn = 0-528-00626-6 }}`
  - Rand McNally (2013). "Michigan" (Map). *The Road Atlas* (2013 Walmart ed.). c. 1:1,874,880. Chicago: Rand McNally. pp. 50–51. Western Upper Peninsula inset. §§ C10–C14. [ISBN 0-528-00626-6](#).
  - *Note*: the printed scale on the map, "1 inch represents approximately 30 miles", or "1 in≈30 mi", can be represented as "c. 1:1,874,880". The ratio is determined by computing the number of the smaller units within the stated quantity of larger units. In this example, 30 miles equals 1,874,880 inches (30 mi × 5,280 ft/mi × 12 in/ft = 1,874,880 in), so the map has an approximate scale of 1:1,874,880.
- `{{Cite map |author = Colorado State Highway Department |date = July 1923 |url = https://books.google.com/books?id=czs5AQAAMAAJ&pg=RA10-PA12 |title = New Map Showing the 8,880 Miles Which Comprise Colorado's Primary Highway System |journal = Colorado Highways |scale = Scale not given |volume = 2 |issue = 7 |pages = 12–13 |oclc = 11880590 |access-date = November 18, 2013 |via = [[Google Books]] }}`
  - Colorado State Highway Department (July 1923). "[New Map Showing the 8,880 Miles Which Comprise Colorado's Primary Highway System](#)" (Map). *Colorado Highways*. Scale not given. **2** (7): 12–13. [OCLC 11880590](#). Retrieved November 18, 2013 - via [Google Books](#).
- `{{Cite map |author = [[OpenStreetMap]] contributors |date = 26 November 2011 |map = E.T. Seton Park |map-url =`

```
http://www.openstreetmap.org/?lat=43.70891&lon=-79.34334&zoom=15&layers=M&way=25480325 |title = OpenStreetMap |access-date = 26 November 2011 }}
```

- [OpenStreetMap](#) contributors (26 November 2011). "[E.T. Seton Park](#)" (Map). *OpenStreetMap*. Retrieved 26 November 2011.
- *Note:* For dynamic maps without a fixed scale, omit any mention of a map scale. Dynamically generated online maps should also use the access date as the publication date.

## Parameters[[edit source](#)]

### Syntax[[edit source](#)]

Nested parameters rely on their parent parameters:

- *parent*
- OR: *parent2*—may be used instead of *parent*
  - *child*—may be used with *parent* (and is ignored if *parent* is not used)
  - OR: *child2*—may be used instead of *child* (and is ignored if *parent2* is not used)

Where aliases are listed, only one of the parameters may be defined; if multiple aliased parameters are defined, then only one will show.

### COinS[[edit source](#)]

This template embeds [COinS](#) metadata in the HTML output, allowing [reference management software](#) to retrieve bibliographic metadata. See [Wikipedia:COinS](#). As a general rule, only one data item per parameter. Do not include explanatory or alternate text:

- use `|date=27 September 2007` not `|date=27 September 2007 (print version 25 September)`

Use of templates within the citation template is discouraged because many of these templates will add extraneous HTML or CSS that will be included raw in the metadata. Also, HTML entities, for example `&nbsp;`, `&ndash;`, etc, should not be used in parameters that contribute to the metadata. Do not include Wiki markup `' ' (italic font)` or `' ' ' (bold font)` because these markup characters will contaminate the metadata.

### COinS metadata is created for these parameters[[edit source](#)]

Note: This table of metadata is displayed for all Citation Style 1 templates. Not all of these parameters are supported by every CS1 template. Some of these parameters are mutually exclusive, some are aliases of another parameter, and some require other parameters to be present. Please refer to each template's documentation for a full list of supported parameters, their aliases, and their dependencies.

- `|periodical=`, `|journal=`, `|newspaper=`, `|magazine=`, `|work=`, `|website=`, `|encyclopedia=`, `|encyclopaedia=`, `|dictionary=`
- `|chapter=`, `|contribution=`, `|entry=`, `|article=`, `|section=`
- `|title=`
- `|publication-place=`, `|publicationplace=`, `|place=`, `|location=`

- `|date=`, `|year=`, `|publication-date=`, `|publicationdate=`
- `|series=`, `|version=`
- `|volume=`, `|issue=`, `|number=`
- `|page=`, `|pages=`, `|at=`
- `|edition=`
- `|publisher=`, `|distributor=`, `|institution=`
- `|url=`, `|chapter-url=`, `|chapterurl=`, `|contribution-url=`,  
`|contributionurl=`, `|section-url=`, `|sectionurl=`
- `|author#=`, `|author-last#=`, `|author#-last=`, `|last#=`, `|surname#=`
- `|author-first#=`, `|author#-first=`, `|first#=`, `|given#=`
- any of the named identifiers: `|isbn=`, `|issn=`, `|doi=`, `|pmc=`, etc.

## Deprecated[\[edit source\]](#)

{{#lst:Help:CS1 errors|deprecated\_params\_table}}

## Description[\[edit source\]](#)

### Authors[\[edit source\]](#)

- **last**: Surname of a single author. Do not wikilink—use **author-link** instead. For corporate authors or authors for whom only one name is listed by the source, use **last** or one of its aliases (e.g. `|author=Bono`). Aliases: **surname**, **author**, **last1**, **surname1**, **author1**.
  - **author**: this parameter is used to hold the complete name of a single author (first and last) or to hold the name of a corporate author. This parameter should never hold the names of more than one author. Do not wikilink—use **author-link** instead.
  - **first**: Given or first names of author; for example: *Firstname Middlename* or *Firstname M.* or *Firstname M., Sr.* Do not wikilink—use **author-link** instead. Aliases: **given**, **first1**, **given1**. Requires **last**; first name will not display if **last** is empty.
  - OR: for multiple authors, use **last1**, **first1** through **lastn**, **firstn**, where *n* is any consecutive number for an unlimited number of authors (each **firstn** requires a corresponding **lastn**, but not the other way around). See the **display** parameters to change how many authors are displayed. Aliases: **surname1**, **given1** through **surnamen**, **givenn**, or **author1** through **authorn**. For an individual author plus an institutional author, you can use `|first1=...|last1=...|author2=...`
  - **author-link**: Title of existing Wikipedia article about the author—not the author's website; do not wikilink. Aliases: **author-link1**, **authorlink**, **authorlink1**, **author1-link**, **author1link**.
  - OR: for multiple authors, use **author-link1** through **author-linkn**. Aliases: **authorlink1** through **authorlinkn**, or **author1-link** through **authorn-link**, or **author1link** through **authornlink**.
  - **name-list-format**: displays authors and editors in [Vancouver style](#) when set to `vanc` and when the list uses `last/first` parameters for the name list(s).
- **vauthors**: comma-separated list of author names in [Vancouver style](#); enclose corporate or institutional author names in doubled parentheses:

```
|vauthors=Smythe JB, ((Megabux Corp.))
```

- **author-link** and **author-mask** may be used for the individual names in `|vauthors=` as described above

- **authors**: Free-form list of author names; use of this parameter is discouraged because it does not contribute to a citation's metadata; not an alias of **last**.
- **translator-last**: Surname of translator. Do not wikilink—use **translator-link** instead. Aliases: **translator-surname**, **translator1**, **translator1-last**, **translator-last1**.
  - **translator-first**: Given or first names of translator. Do not wikilink—use **translator-link** instead. Aliases: **translator-given**, **translator1-first**, **translator-first1**.
  - OR: for multiple translators, use **translator-last1**, **translator-first1** through **translator-lastn**, **translator-firstn**, where *n* is any consecutive number for an unlimited number of translators (each **translator-firstn** requires a corresponding **translator-lastn**, but not the other way around). Aliases: **translator1-last**, **translator1-first** through **translatorn-last**, **translatorn-first**, or **translator1** through **translatorn**.
  - **translator-link**: Title of existing Wikipedia article about the translator—not the translator's website; do not wikilink. Aliases: **translator-link1**, **translator1-link**.
  - OR: for multiple translators, use **translator-link1** through **translator-linkn**. Aliases: **translator1-link** through **translatorn-link**.
- **collaboration**: Name of a group of authors or collaborators; requires **author**, **last**, or **vauthors** listing one or more primary authors; follows author name-list; appends "et al." to author name-list.
- **others**: To record other contributors to the work, including illustrators. For the parameter value, write *Illustrated by John Smith*.
- Note: When using [shortened footnotes](#) or [parenthetical referencing](#) styles with templates, do not use multiple names in one field, or else the anchor will not match the inline link.

## Title[[edit source](#)]

(See also [Help:Citation Style 1 § Titles and chapters](#).)

- **title**: Title of source. Can be wikilinked to an existing Wikipedia article or **url** may be used to add an external link, but not both. Displays in italics. If **script-title** is defined, **title** holds a [Romanization](#) of title in **script-title**.
  - **script-title**: Original title for languages that do not use a Latin-based script (Arabic, Chinese, Cyrillic, Greek, Hebrew, Japanese, Korean, etc); not italicized, follows italicized Romanization defined in **title**. May be prefixed with an [ISO 639-1](#) two-character code to help browsers properly display the script:

```
... |title=Tōkyō tawā |script-title=ja:東京都 |trans-
title=Tokyo Tower ...
```

- **trans-title**: English translation of the title if the source cited is in a foreign language. Displays in square brackets after **title**; if **url** is defined, then **trans-title** is included in the link. Use of the **language** parameter is recommended.

Titles containing certain characters will not display and link correctly unless those characters are encoded.

<b>newline</b>	[	]	
space	&#91;	&#93;	{{!}} (preferred)



`{{bracket|text}}` &#124; or `{{pipe}}` - see also [Help:Table § Rendering the pipe](#)

- **title-link**: Title of existing Wikipedia article about the source named in **title** - do not use a web address; do not wikilink. Alias: **titlelink**.
- **map**: The title of the map, if published in an atlas, book, or journal. May be wikilinked or may use **map-url**, but not both. Displays in quotes.
- **type**: Provides additional information about the media type of the source. May alternatively be used to identify the type of manuscript linked to in the title, if this is not the final version of a manuscript (e.g. if a preprint of a manuscript is freely available, but the version of record is behind a paywall). Format in sentence case. Displays in parentheses following the title. Defaults to Map. Alias: **medium**.
- **language**: A comma-separated list of the languages in which the source is written, as either the full language name or the [ISO 639](#) language code , e.g. `|language=French` or `|language=fr, pt-br`. [See the list of supported codes and names](#). Do not use templates or wikilinks. Displays in parentheses with "in" before the language name or names. When the only source language is English, no language is displayed in the citation; use of the parameter in this case is discouraged. The use of languages recognized by the citation module adds the page to the appropriate subcategory of [Category:CS1 foreign language sources](#). Aliases: **lang**

#### Date[[edit source](#)]

- **date**: Date of source being referenced. Can be full date (day, month, and year) or partial date (month and year, season and year, or year). Use same format as other publication dates in the citations.<sup>[\[date 1\]](#)</sup> Required when **year** is used to disambiguate `{{sfn}}` links to multiple-work citations by the same author in the same year.<sup>[\[more\]](#)</sup> Do not wikilink. Displays after the authors and is enclosed in parentheses. If there is no author, then displays after publisher. For acceptable date formats, see [Help:Citation Style 1 § Dates](#).

For approximate year, precede with "c. ", like this: `|date=c. 1900`.

For no date, or "undated", use `|date=n.d.`

Automatic date formatting: [Citation Style 1](#) and [2](#) templates, including this template, automatically render dates in date parameters (`|date=`, `|access-date=`, `|archive-date=`, etc.) in the style specified by the article's `{{use dmy dates}}` or `{{use mdy dates}}` template. See those templates' documentation for details.

- **year**: Year of source being referenced. Use of `|date=` is recommended unless *all* of the following conditions are met:
  1. The `|date=` format is YYYY-MM-DD.
  2. The citation requires a [CITEREF disambiguator](#).
  3. The template uses `|ref=harv` or `|mode=cs2`, or the template is `{{citation}}`.
- **orig-year**: Original publication year; displays in square brackets after the **date** (or **year**).

For clarity, please supply specifics. For example: `|orig-year=First published 1859` or `|orig-year=Composed 1904`. Alias: **origyear**

- **df**: date format; sets rendered dates to the specified format; does not support date ranges or seasonal dates; overrides the automatic date formatting described above. Accepts one value which may be one of these:

`dmy` - set publication dates to day month year format; access- and archive-dates are not modified;

`mdy` - as above for month day, year format

`ymd` - as above for year initial numeric format YYYY-MM-DD

`dmy-all` - set publication, access-, and archive-dates to day month year format;

`mdy-all` - as above for month day, year format

`ymd-all` - as above for year initial numeric format YYYY-MM-DD

1. [↑](#) Publication dates in references within an article should all have the same format. This may be a different format from that used for archive and access dates. See [MOS:DATEUNIFY](#).

### **Publisher**[\[edit source\]](#)

- **publisher**: Name of publisher; may be wikilinked if relevant. The [publisher](#) is the *company* that publishes the work being cited. Do *not* use the **publisher** parameter for the name of a work (e.g. a website, book, encyclopedia, newspaper, magazine, journal, etc.). Corporate designations such as "Ltd", "Inc.", or "GmbH" are not usually included. Not normally used for periodicals. Omit where the publisher's name is substantially the same as the name of the work (for example, The New York Times Co. publishes *The New York Times* newspaper, so there is no reason to name the publisher). Displays after **title**.
- **place**: For news stories with a [dateline](#), that is, the location where the story was written. In earlier versions of the template this was the publication place, and for compatibility, will be treated as the publication place if the `publication-place` parameter is absent; see that parameter for further information. Alias: **location**
- **publication-place**: Geographical place of publication; generally not wikilinked; omit when the name of the work includes the publication place; examples: *The Boston Globe*, *The Times of India*. Displays after the title. If only one of **publication-place**, **place**, or **location** is defined, it will be treated as the publication place and will show after the title; if **publication-place** and **place** or **location** are defined, then **place** or **location** is shown before the title prefixed with "written at" and **publication-place** is shown after the title.
- **publication-date**: Date of publication when different from the date the work was written. Displays only if **year** or **date** are defined and only if different, else **publication-date** is used and displayed as **date**. Use the same format as other dates in the article; do not wikilink. Follows **publisher**; if **work** is not defined, then **publication-date** is preceded by "published" and enclosed in parenthesis.
- **via**: Name of the content deliverer (if *different* from **publisher**). **via** is not a replacement for **publisher**, but provides additional detail. It may be used when the content deliverer presents the source in a format other than the original (e.g. [NewsBank](#)), when the URL provided does not make clear the identity of the deliverer, where no URL or DOI is available (EBSCO), or if the deliverer requests attribution. See the [access level](#) parameters to display access restrictions.

## Edition, series[[edit source](#)]

- **edition**: When the publication has more than one edition; for example: "2nd", "Revised", and so forth. Appends the string " ed." after the field, so `|edition=2nd` produces "2nd ed." Does not display if a periodical field is defined.
- **scale**: Scale of map.
- **series**: Title of map series.
- **cartography**: Person or entity that did the cartography, if this needs to be differentiated from general authorship of the map. Displays preceded by "Cartography by".

## In-source locations[[edit source](#)]

- **page**: Page in the source that supports the content; overridden by **at**.
- OR: **pages**: Pages in the source that supports the content; separate page ranges with an en dash (-); separate non-sequential pages with a comma (,); do not use to indicate the total number of pages in the source.
- **inset**: The name of the focused inset referenced; example: Downtown Fooburg. Output appends "inset" after the input, `|inset=Downtown Fooburg` becomes "Downtown Fooburg inset."; overridden by **at**.
- **section**: The map section(s) of the feature referenced; example: A6, B9, L11, etc; overridden by **at**.
- **at**: For sources where a single set of the above parameters is inappropriate or insufficient to describe the in-source location(s).

Examples: page (p.) or pages (pp.); inset(s); section (§) or sections (§§); other custom location on the map or in the atlas.

## URL[[edit source](#)]

- **url**: URL of an online location where the text of the publication named by **title** can be found. Cannot be used if **title** is wikilinked. If applicable, the link may point to the specific page(s) referenced. Remove tracking parameters from URLs, e.g. `#ixzz2rBr3a094` or `?utm_source=google&utm_medium=...&utm_term=...&utm_campaign=...`. For linking to pages in PDF files or in Google Books, see [WP:PAGELINKS](#). Do not link to any commercial booksellers, such as Amazon.com; use `|ISBN=` or `|OCLC=` to provide neutral search links for books. Invalid URLs, including those containing spaces, will result in an error message.
  - **access-date**: Full date when the content pointed to by **url** was last verified to support the text in the article; do not wikilink; requires **url**; use the same format as other access and archive dates in the citations.<sup>[\[date 1\]](#)</sup> *Not required for linked documents that do not change*. For example, **access-date** is required for online sources, such as personal websites, that do not have a publication date; see [WP:CITEWEB](#). Access dates are not required for links to published research papers, published books, or news articles with publication dates. Note that **access-date** is the date that the URL was found to be working and to support the text being cited. See "[Automatic date formatting](#)" above for details about interaction with `{{use dmy dates}}` and `{{use mdy dates}}`. Can be [hidden or styled](#) by registered editors. Alias: **accessdate**.
  - **archive-url**: The URL of an [archived](#) snapshot of a web page. Typically used to refer to services such as [Internet Archive](#) (see [Wikipedia:Using the Wayback](#)

[Machine](#)), [WebCite](#) (see [Wikipedia:Using WebCite](#)) and [archive.is](#) (see [Wikipedia:Using archive.is](#)); requires **archive-date** and **url**. By default (overridden by `|url-status=live`) the archived link is displayed first, with the original link at the end. Alias: **archiveurl**.

- **archive-date**: Archive-service snapshot-date; preceded in display by default text "archived from the original on". Use the same format as other access and archive dates in the citations. This does not necessarily have to be the same format that was used for citing publication dates.<sup>[[date 1](#)]</sup> Do not wikilink; templated dates are discouraged. See "[Automatic date formatting](#)" above for details about interaction with `{{use dmy dates}}` and `{{use mdy dates}}`. Alias: **archivedate**.
- **url-status**: this optional parameter is ignored if **archive-url** is not set. If omitted, or with null value, the default value is `|url-status=dead`. When the URL is still live, but pre-emptively archived, then set `|url-status=live`; this changes the display order, with the title retaining the original link and the archive linked at the end. When the original URL has been usurped for the purposes of spam, advertising, or is otherwise unsuitable, setting `|url-status=unfit` or `|url-status=usurped` suppresses display of the original URL (but `|url=` and `|archive-url=` are still required).
- **template-doc-demo**: The archive parameters will be error-checked to ensure that all the required parameters are included, or else `{{citation error}}` is invoked. With errors, main, help and template pages are placed into one of the subcategories of [Category:Articles with incorrect citation syntax](#). Set `|template-doc-demo=true` to disable categorization; mainly used for documentation where the error is demonstrated. Alias: **no-cat**.
- **format**: Format of the work referred to by **url**; for example: PDF, DOC, or XLS; displayed in parentheses after **title**. (For media format, use **type**.) HTML is implied and should not be specified. Automatically added when a PDF icon is displayed. Does not change the [external link icon](#). Note: External link icons do not include [alt text](#); thus, they do not add format information for the visually impaired.

URLs must begin with a supported [URI scheme](#). `http://` and `https://` will be supported by all browsers; however, `ftp://`, `gopher://`, `irc://`, `ircs://`, `mailto:` and `news:` may require a plug-in or an external application and should normally be avoided. [IPv6](#) host-names are currently not supported.

If URLs in [citation template parameters](#) contain certain characters, then they will not display and link correctly. Those characters need to be [percent-encoded](#). For example, a space must be replaced by `%20`. To encode the URL, replace the following characters with:

<b>sp</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>&lt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>[</b>	<b>]</b>	<b>{</b>	<b> </b>	<b>}</b>
<code>%20</code>	<code>%22</code>	<code>%27</code>	<code>%3c</code>	<code>%3e</code>	<code>%5b</code>	<code>%5d</code>	<code>%7b</code>	<code>%7c</code>	<code>%7d</code>

Single apostrophes do not need to be encoded; however, unencoded multiples will be parsed as italic or bold markup. Single curly closing braces also do not need to be encoded; however, an unencoded pair will be parsed as the double closing braces for the template transclusion.

1. ↑ <sup>[[10](#) [11](#)]</sup> Access-date and archive-date in references should all have the same format - either the format used for publication dates, or YYYY-MM-DD. See [MOS:DATEUNIFY](#).

## Anchor[[edit source](#)]

- **ref**: the citation's HTML anchor identifier. When set, `|ref=ID` generates an anchor with the given *ID* (the `id` attribute in the citation's `<cite id="ID">` HTML tag). Setting `|ref=ID` identifies the template as a target and allows [wikilinking to full references](#), especially useful with short-form citations like [shortened notes](#) and [parenthetical referencing](#). The special value `|ref=harv` generates an anchor identifier suitable for use with `{{sfn}}` and `{{harv}}` templates. For `|mode=cs2` `|ref=` defaults to `|ref=harv`. See [Template:Citation/doc § Anchors for Harvard referencing templates](#).

## Identifiers[[edit source](#)]

These identifiers create links and are designed to accept a single value. Using multiple values or other text will break the link and/or invalidate the identifier. In general, the parameters should include only the variable part of the identifier, e.g. `rfc=822` or `pmc=345678`.

When an URL is equivalent to the link produced by the corresponding identifier (such as a [DOI](#)), don't add it to any URL parameter but use the appropriate identifier parameter, which is more stable and may allow to specify the [access status](#). The `|url=` parameter or `title link` can then be used for its prime purpose of providing a [convenience link](#) to an [open access](#) copy which would not otherwise be obviously accessible.

- **arxiv**: [arXiv identifier](#); for example: `arxiv=hep-th/9205027` (before April 2007) or `arxiv=0706.0001` (April 2007 - December 2014) or `arxiv=1501.00001` (since January 2015). Do not include extraneous file extensions like ".pdf" or ".html".
- **asin**: [Amazon Standard Identification Number](#); if first character of **asin** value is a digit, use **isbn**. Because this link favours one specific distributor, include it only if standard identifiers are not available. Example `asin=B00005N5PF`
  - **asin-tld**: ASIN top-level domain for Amazon sites other than the US; valid values: `au`, `br`, `ca`, `cn`, `co.jp`, `co.uk`, `de`, `es`, `fr`, `it`, `mx`
- **bibcode**: [bibcode](#); used by a number of astronomical data systems; for example: `1974AJ.....79..819H`. *Comment*: Techies are aware of the 2019 switch from old to new ADS URLs: the old URLs should continue working after October 2019 even though deprecated; see the [April/May 2019](#) and [June 2019](#) discussions.
- **biorxiv**: [bioRxiv](#) id, a 6-digit number at the end of the bioRxiv URL (e.g. `078733` for <http://biorxiv.org/content/early/2016/10/01/078733> or <https://dx.doi.org/10.1101/078733>)
- **citeseerx**: [CiteSeerX](#) id, a string of digits and dots found in a CiteSeerX URL (e.g. `10.1.1.176.341` for <http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/summary?doi=10.1.1.176.341> )
- **doi**: [Digital object identifier](#); for example: `10.1038/news070508-7`. It is checked to ensure it begins with (`<syntaxhighlight lang="text" class="" id="" style="" inline="1">10.</syntaxhighlight>`).
  - **doi-broken-date**: Date the DOI was found to be non-working at <https://dx.doi.org>. Use the same format as other dates in the article. Alias: **doi-inactive-date**
- **eissn**: [International Standard Serial Number](#) for the electronic media of a serial publication; eight characters may be split into two groups of four using a [hyphen](#), but not an [en dash](#) or a space; example `eissn=1557-2986` Alias: **EISSN**
- **hdl**: [Handle System](#) identifier for digital objects and other resources on the Internet; example `hdl=20.1000/100` Alias: **HDL**
- **isbn**: [International Standard Book Number](#); for example: `978-0-8126-9593-9`. (See [Wikipedia:ISBN](#) and [ISBN § Overview](#).) Hyphens in the ISBN are optional, but preferred. Use the ISBN actually printed on or in the book. Use the 13-digit ISBN - beginning with 978 or 979 - when it is available. If only a 10-digit ISBN is printed on or in the book, use

it. ISBNs can be found on the page with the publisher's information - usually the back of the title page - or beneath the barcode as a number beginning with 978 or 979 (barcodes beginning with any other numbers are not ISBNs). For sources with the older 9-digit SBN system, prefix the number with a zero; thus, *SBN 902888-45-5* should be entered as `| isbn=0-902888-45-5`. Do not convert a 10-digit ISBN to 13-digit by just adding the 978 prefix; the last digit is a calculated check digit and just making changes to the numbers will make the ISBN invalid. This parameter should hold only the ISBN without *any* additional characters. It is checked for length, invalid characters - anything other than numbers, spaces, and hyphens, with "X" permitted as the last character in a 10-digit ISBN - and the proper check digit. Alias: **ISBN**

- **ismn**: [International Standard Music Number](#); for example: `979-0-9016791-7-7`. [Hyphens](#) or spaces in the ISMN are optional. Use the ISMN actually printed on or in the work. This parameter should hold only the ISMN without *any* additional characters. It is checked for length, invalid characters - anything other than numbers, spaces, and hyphens - and the proper check digit. Alias: **ISMN**
- **issn**: [International Standard Serial Number](#); eight characters may be split into two groups of four using a [hyphen](#), but not an [en dash](#) or a space; example `issn=2049-3630` Alias: **ISSN**
- **jfm**: [Jahrbuch über die Fortschritte der Mathematik](#); example `jfm=53.0144.01`
- **jstor**: [JSTOR](#) reference number; for example: `jstor=3793107` will generate [JSTOR 3793107](#).
- **lccn**: [Library of Congress Control Number](#). When present, alphabetic prefix characters are to be lower case; example `lccn=2004042477`
- **mr**: [Mathematical Reviews](#); example `mr=630583`
- **oclc**: [OCLC](#); WorldCat's Online Computer Library Center; example `oclc=9355469`
- **ol**: [Open Library](#) identifier; do not include "OL" in the value; example `ol=7030731M`
- **osti**: [Office of Scientific and Technical Information](#); example `osti=4367507`
- **pmc**: [PubMed Central](#); use article number for [open repository](#) full-text of a journal article, e.g. `pmc=345678`. Do not include "PMC" in the value. See also the **pmid** parameter, below; these are two different identifiers.
  - **embargo**: Date that **pmc** goes live; if this date is in the future, then **pmc** is not linked until that date.
- **pmid**: [PubMed](#); use unique identifier; example `pmid=17322060` See also the **pmc** parameter, above; these are two different identifiers.
- **rfc**: [Request for Comments](#); example `rfc=3143`
- **ssrn**: [Social Science Research Network](#); example `ssrn=1900856`
- **zbl**: [Zentralblatt MATH](#); example `zbl=0472.53010` For zbMATH search results like `JFM 35.0387.02` use `jfm=35.0387.02`

### Quote[[edit source](#)]

- **quote**: Relevant text quoted from the source. Displays enclosed in quotes. When supplied, the citation terminator (a period by default) is suppressed, so the quote must include terminating punctuation.

### Laysummary[[edit source](#)]

- **lay-url**: URL link to a non-technical summary or review of the source; the URL title is set to "Lay summary". Aliases: **lay-summary** (deprecated), **laysummary** (deprecated).
  - **lay-source**: Name of the source of the laysummary. Displays in italics and preceded by an endash. Alias: **laysource**.

- **lay-date**: Date of the summary. Displays in parentheses. Alias: **laydate**.

### Display options[[edit source](#)]

- **mode**: Sets element separator, default terminal punctuation, and certain capitalization according to the value provided. For `|mode=cs1`, element separator and terminal punctuation is a period (.); where appropriate, initial letters of certain words are capitalized ('Retrieved...'). For `|mode=cs2`, element separator is a comma (,); terminal punctuation is omitted; where appropriate, initial letters of certain words are not capitalized ('retrieved...'). To override default terminal punctuation use **postscript**.
- **author-mask**: Replaces the name of the first author with [em dashes](#) or text. Set **author-mask** to a numeric value *n* to set the dash *n* em spaces wide; set **author-mask** to a text value to display the text without a trailing author separator; for example, "with". You must still include the values for all authors for metadata purposes. Primarily intended for use with bibliographies or bibliography styles where multiple works by a single author are listed sequentially such as [shortened footnotes](#). Do not use in a list generated by `{{reflist}}`, `<references />` or similar as there is no control of the order in which references are displayed. You can also use **editor-mask** and **translator-mask** in the same way. Mask parameters can take a number in the name of the parameter (e.g. `|authorn-mask=`) to specify which author the mask should apply to.
- **display-authors**: Controls the number of author names that are displayed when a citation is published. To change the displayed number of authors, set **display-authors** to the desired number. For example, `|display-authors=2` will display only the first two authors in a citation. By default, all authors are displayed. `|display-authors=etal` displays all authors in the list followed by et al. Aliases: **displayauthors**.
- **display-editors**: Controls the number of editor names that are displayed when a citation is published. To change the displayed number of editors, set **display-editors** to the desired number. For example, `|display-editors=2` will display only the first two editors in a citation. By default, all editors are displayed. `|display-editors=etal` displays all editors in the list followed by et al. Aliases: **displayeditors**.
- **last-author-amp**: Switches the separator between the last two names of the author list to space ampersand space ( & ) when set to `y`, `yes`, or `true`. Example: `|last-author-amp=yes`
- **postscript**: Controls the closing punctuation for a citation; defaults to a period (.); for no terminating punctuation, specify `|postscript=none` - leaving `|postscript=` empty is the same as omitting it, but is ambiguous. Additional text or templates beyond the terminating punctuation may generate an error message. `|postscript=` is ignored if **quote** is defined.

### See also[[edit source](#)]

- [Wikipedia:Using maps and similar sources in Wikipedia articles](#)



This template produces [COinS](#) metadata; see [COinS in Wikipedia](#) for background information.

The above [documentation](#) is *transcluded* from [Template:Cite map/doc](#). ([edit](#) | [history](#))  
Editors can experiment in this template's sandbox ([create](#) | [mirror](#)) and testcases ([create](#)) pages.  
Add categories to the [/doc](#) subpage. [Subpages of this template](#).

Project Management Committee

Retrieved from "[https://www.bluegoldwiki.com/index.php?title=Template:Cite\\_map&oldid=35](https://www.bluegoldwiki.com/index.php?title=Template:Cite_map&oldid=35)"

## Namespaces

- [Template](#)
- [Discussion](#)

## Variants

[Categories](#):

- [Pages with broken file links](#)
- [Lua-based citation templates](#)
- [Pages which use infobox templates with ignored data cells](#)
- [Templates generating COinS](#)
- [Citation Style 1 templates](#)

This page was last edited on 18 February 2020, at 14:00.

## Blue Gold Program Wiki

The wiki version of the Lessons Learnt Report of the Blue Gold program, documents the experiences of a technical assistance (TA) team working in a development project implemented by the Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB) and the Department of Agricultural Extension (DAE) over an eight+ year period from March 2013 to December 2021. The wiki lessons learnt report (LLR) is intended to complement the BWDB and DAE project completion reports (PCRs), with the aim of recording lessons learnt for use in the design and implementation of future interventions in the coastal zone.

- [Privacy policy](#)
- [About Blue Gold Program Wiki](#)
- [Disclaimers](#)

Developed and maintained by Big Blue Communications for Blue Gold Program



[Blue Gold Program Wiki](#)